

Functional Unit

Scenario name:	WFU
Product:	Polar Recycled Glass Dual Tone Straw Tumbler - 1 L
Primary Material:	
Scope:	Cradle - Gate

Total Results

 GHG
(kg Co2-eq)

2.6502

 Water Use
(m3 world eq. deprived)

0.6864

 Land Use
(points)

7.8409

Main Environmental Indicators

 GHG
Kg Co2-eq

The increase in the average global temperatures for 100 years as result of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The greatest contributor is generally the combustion of fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and natural gas. Divided into 3 subcategories based on the emission source: (1) fossil resources, (2) bio-based resources, and (3) land use change.

Results:	2.6502	Kg Co2-eq
Benchmark:	3.4154	Kg Co2-eq
Savings %:	22.4100	
Avoided:	0.7652	Kg Co2-eq

 Water Use
m3 world eq. deprived

The withdrawal of water from lakes, rivers or groundwater can contribute to the 'depletion' of available water. The impact category considers the availability or scarcity of water in the regions where the activity takes place, if this information is known.

Results:	0.6864	m ³ world eq. deprived
Benchmark:	1.0250	m ³ world eq. deprived
Savings %:	33.0400	
Avoided:	0.3386	m ³ world eq. deprived

 Land Use
Points

Use and transformation of land for agriculture, roads, housing, mining or other purposes. The impacts can vary and include loss of species, of the organic matter content of soil, or loss of the soil itself (erosion). This is a composite indicator measuring impacts on four soil properties (biotic production, erosion resistance, groundwater regeneration and mechanical filtration).

Results:	7.8409	Points
Benchmark:	8.9243	Points
Savings %:	12.1400	
Avoided:	1.0834	Points