



Functional Unit

Scenario name:	UKH
Product:	Journey Pack - 600D rPET Commuter Backpack
Primary Material:	600D RPET Polyester w/PU Backing
Scope:	Cradle - Gate

Total Results

 GHG (kg Co2-eq)	 Water Use (m3 world eq. deprived)	 Land Use (points)
6.5393	1.6040	17.5536

Main Environmental Indicators



The increase in the average global temperatures for 100 years as result of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The greatest contributor is generally the combustion of fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and natural gas. Divided into 3 subcategories based on the emission source: (1) fossil resources, (2) bio-based resources, and (3) land use change.

Results:	6.5393	Kg Co2-eq
Benchmark:	6.7720	Kg Co2-eq
Savings %:	3.4373	
Avoided:	0.2327	Kg Co2-eq



The withdrawal of water from lakes, rivers or groundwater can contribute to the 'depletion' of available water. The impact category considers the availability or scarcity of water in the regions where the activity takes place, if this information is known.

Results:	1.6040	m ³ world eq. deprived
Benchmark:	1.7957	m ³ world eq. deprived
Savings %:	10.6707	
Avoided:	0.1917	m ³ world eq. deprived



Use and transformation of land for agriculture, roads, housing, mining or other purposes. The impacts can vary and include loss of species, of the organic matter content of soil, or loss of the soil itself (erosion). This is a composite indicator measuring impacts on four soil properties (biotic production, erosion resistance, groundwater regeneration and mechanical filtration).

Results:	17.5536	Points
Benchmark:	17.0637	Points
Savings %:	-2.8709	
Avoided:	-0.4899	Points